

**Waste and Recyclable Materials Report
Q1 & Q2 2019
Thompson Rivers University
Kamloops, British Columbia**

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Executive Summary

Thompson Rivers University engaged the services of Waste Naught BC to compile and report quarterly updates on waste streams diverted and landfilled as well as associated costs of collection, handling and disposal. This report includes a full capture of Q1-2019 data, as well as most data for Q2-2019.

The table below is a summary of the weights and costs associated with each waste stream based on actual and estimated weights and costs. Total weight of waste for Q1 was 129,937 kg, and cost of \$41,487.99. Q2 waste diversion totalled 119,812 with a cost of \$18,526.70. Complete weight and cost data for Q2 landfill was not available at the time of this report.

Waste stream	Q1-19 weight (kg)	Q1 Cost (\$)	Q2-19 Cost (\$)	Q2-19 Cost (\$)
Landfill	86866	\$21,045.03	Awaiting	\$2,459.82
Metal Recycling	11271	\$940.00	26420	\$1,420.00
Cardboard Recycling	7872	\$932.85	7872	\$-
-CAC Food Waste pick-up	4023	\$100.00	4800	\$300.00
Wood Recycling	3775	\$1,504.00	27791	\$6,037.50
Coffee Grounds collection	3528	\$4,128.00	1059	\$1,344.00
Meat scraps Collection	3273	\$-0	2182	\$-0
Food Waste Pick-Up (Cul Arts)	2100	\$262.50	700	\$87.50
Refundables	1644	\$-0	1644	\$-
Mixed Recycling	1596	\$12,686.01	1031	\$7,224.00
Textbooks Reuse	1365	\$0.00	1365	\$0.00
Cook. Oil Pick-Up	704	\$-0	539	\$-0
Food Waste Composting - Joras	690	\$-	0	\$-
Electronics Recycling	601	\$-0	405	\$-0
Textiles Reuse	340	\$0.00	719	\$0.00
Hazardous Waste	187	\$-0	480	\$-
Styrofoam Recycling	48	\$-0	48	\$-
Resold (BC Auction)	45	-\$382.40	152	-\$522.12
Plastic Bags Recycling	9	\$272.00	9	\$176.00
Batteries Recycling	0	\$- 0	32	\$-
Yard Waste Compost	0	\$-0	42564	\$-
Total	129937	\$41,487.99	119812	\$18,526.70
Total Garbage	86866	\$21,045.03	Awaiting	\$2,459.82
Total Diversion	43071	\$20,442.96	119812	\$16,066.88

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1 Introduction

Background

Thompson Rivers University (TRU) has recognized the importance of leadership in environmental sustainability since making it a pillar of its Strategic Plan in 2007. Since adopting the strategic goal of becoming the 'University of Choice for Environmental Sustainability, TRU went on to create a department dedicated to improving campus sustainability. Through the TRU Sustainability Office, actions are continuously taken to increase campus sustainability.

In 2014, TRU adopted a goal of becoming a zero waste campus. To accomplish this goal, the Sustainability Office has implemented several waste reduction and diversion initiatives, such as diverting waste to composting, recycling and energy conversion. TRU collects and diverts a growing number of materials, and counts almost 20 separate waste streams. Since the previous audit, TRU has further expanded composting through the purchase and installation of a third in-vessel composter (The Rocket) at the Campus Activity Centre.

A waste audit performed in March 2018 showed that TRU diverted roughly 60% of waste generated on campus through recycling and composting programs, a slight reduction over the 2017 audit diversion rate of 64%. In 2018 approximately 643 tonnes of waste was generated, an increase from 519 tonnes in 2017.

Deliverables

The objectives of the audit are to provide TRU with the following information:

- Types and quantities of waste generated on campus
- Financial costs associated with waste handling, collection, and disposal

Methodology and Assumptions

The data included in this report is based on actual records provided by TRU and its contractors as well as estimates based on limited actual records and/or historic estimations. Further details on data collection methodology are provided in the sections below for each waste stream.

2 Types of Waste

TRU diverts many types of waste generated on campus through reuse, recycling, composting and conversion to energy. The following section reports the quarterly diversion weights for 2019, and discusses the methods of diverting the many waste streams generated on campus.

Reuse

TRU has three reuse streams: textbooks, textiles and reusable office and campus items sold through [BC Auction](#).

Textbooks

Textbooks are collected from the on-campus community, and the general public. A textbook collection bin is located outside the campus bookstore. Ancillary Services collects the books from the bins on an as-needed basis and donates them to a program called Textbooks For

Change. Approximately five pallets of books are donated through the program on an annual basis. For more information about the program, visit Textbooks For Change website [here](#).

Below are the monthly and quarterly weights for textbook diversion. There is no cost to divert this waste stream. Weights are estimated based on an assumed weight per pallet of 1092 kg. Total annual weight for the pallets was divided by 12 months, resulting in a monthly weight of 455 kg.

Table 1 - Textbooks

Period	Item	Month/Year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)	
Q1-19	Textbooks	Jan-19	455	\$-	
Q1-19	Textbooks	Feb-19	455	\$-	
Q1-19	Textbooks	Mar-19	455	\$-	
Q2-19	Textbooks	Apr-19	455	\$-	
Q2-19	Textbooks	May-19	455	\$-	
Q2-19	Textbooks	Jun-19	455	\$-	
			Q1-19 Total	1356	\$-
			Q2-19 Total	1365	\$-

Textiles and Reusable Items

In 2018, TRU partnered with Diabetes Canada to place two textile reuse and recycling bins on campus to help divert the usable items that make their way into the campus waste stream, such as clothing, shoes, books, office supplies, and other durable goods. The bins are placed outside the Daycare and the Old Main building.

Below are the monthly and quarterly weights for textile diversion. There is no cost to divert this waste stream. Weights are provided by Diabetes Canada on a monthly basis.

Table 2 - Textiles

Period	Item	Month/Year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)	
Q1-19	Textiles	Jan-19	60	\$-	
Q1-19	Textiles	Feb-19	60	\$-	
Q1-19	Textiles	Mar-19	220	\$-	
Q2-19	Textiles	Apr-19	210	\$-	
Q2-19	Textiles	May-19	509	\$-	
Q2-19	Textiles	Jun-19	Awaiting	\$-	
			Q1-19 Total	340	\$-
			Q2-19 Total	719	\$-

Resold and Donated

TRU donates and sells unwanted but usable items through the Procurement Services department. When TRU replaces office furniture, the old items that are in good condition are

sold through BC Auction. Records for the sale of items were provided which included the type of item, a description, and the settlement value (shown in the table below as a credit). Obsolete computers and electronics weights were estimated by searching average weights for each item ranging from 0.5 kg for a phone to 17 kg for a server.

Table 3 - Resold and Donated

Period	Item	Month/Year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Resold	Feb-19	45	(\$382.40)
Q2-19	Resold/ donated	May-19	107	(\$268.22)
Q2-19	Resold/ donated	Jun-19	45	(\$253.90)
			Q1-19 Total	45
			Q2-19 Total	152
				(\$382.40)
				(\$522.12)

Food Waste Diversion

TRU diverts organic waste into several channels for composting or animal feed. The Culinary Arts and Meat Processing Departments send their scraps to local farmers. Yard waste from TRU Grounds is sent to the Cinnamon Ridge Composting Facility. Food scraps and coffee grounds collected through zero waste stations and kitchens by TRU janitors are processed into compost in one of the three in-vessel onsite composters.

Feed Animals - Culinary Arts

The Culinary Arts (CA) program has historically sent their pre-consumer food scraps to local farmers for animal feed. In January 2019, the farmer collecting CA food scraps started using it to feed black soldier fly larvae, which are used as feedstock for ducks that are sold back to the CA program and local restaurants. The farmer did not initially weigh the material, but provided estimates based on the number of pickups and bins per pickup, which was in line with historic data; he has since started keeping more accurate weights of all pick-ups. The CA program runs from September until April. Data is presented in the table below with the other food waste diversion methods.

Feed Animals - Meat Trimmings and Bones

The Retail Meat Processing Program (RMP) began sending their meat trimmings and bones to a local dog breeder in 2016. The trimmings are stored in their fridge and collected on a weekly basis on Friday. The RMP program does not currently track data but they estimated approximately 273 kg per week. Discussions are pending to determine a method to track more accurate weight data. Data for meat trimmings is presented in the table below.

Compost – From Onsite Zero Waste Stations and Kitchens

TRU implemented onsite composting in 2014 with the purchase of a Jora 5100 in-vessel compost machine. In 2016, TRU expanded onsite-composting capacity with the purchase of a second Jora 5100, which began operating in 2017. Onsite composting further expanded in 2017 with the acquisition of another in-vessel composter, The Rocket, which was installed

outside the Campus Activity Centre. In February 2019, the two Joras were moved to a new location and have not been operating since. In April 2019, the farmer collecting food scraps from the CA also began collecting food scraps from the CAC.

TRU measures and records weights for material sent to the composters. The farmer provided estimates for material taken offsite from the CAC. Data for onsite composting is presented in the table below.

Compost - Coffee Grounds

Historically, a TRU faculty member collected coffee grounds on a volunteer basis from the campus cafes to amend the soil on his farm. In January 2019, janitorial staff took over the operation of coffee ground collection from the campus cafes. Contractors provided weights for this waste stream for April, May and June, however January - March weights were estimated using historic data. Data for this waste stream is presented in the table below.

Table 4 - Food waste

Period	Month Item	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1 - 2019	Jan	4879	\$1592.50
	Coffee Grounds	1176	\$1504.00
	Meat scraps	1091	\$ -
	Food scraps (CA)	700	\$87.50
	Onsite - JORA	690	\$ -
	Onsite - CAC	1223	\$ -
	Feb	3767	\$1368.50
	Coffee Grounds	1176	\$1280.00
	Meat scraps	1091	\$ -
	Food scraps (CA)	700	\$87.50
	Onsite - CAC	800	\$ -
	Mar	4967	\$1532.50
	Coffee Grounds	1176	\$1344.00
	Meat scraps	1091	\$ -
	Food scraps (CA)	700	\$87.50
	Onsite - CAC	2000	\$100
Q2 - 2019	Apr	3944	\$1507.50
	Coffee Grounds	353	\$1344.00
	Meat scraps	1091	\$ -
	Food scraps (CA)	700	\$87.50
	Onsite - CAC	1800	\$75.00
	May	4444	\$225.00
	Coffee Grounds	176	\$ -
	Meat scraps	1091	\$ -
	Onsite - CAC	3000	\$225.00

Jun	353	
Coffee Grounds	176	\$ -
Meat scraps	0	\$ -
Food scraps (CA)	0	\$ -
Onsite - CAC	Awaiting	Awaiting
Q1-19 Coffee Grounds	3528	\$4128.00
Q1-19 Meat scraps	3273	\$ -
Q1-19 Food scraps (CA)	2100	\$262.50
Q1-19 Onsite - JORA	690	\$ -
Q1-19 Onsite - CAC	4023	\$100.00
Q1-19 Total	13613	\$4490.50
Q2-19 Coffee Grounds	882	\$1344.00
Q2-19 Meat scraps	2182	\$ -
Q2-19 Food scraps (CA)	700	\$87.50
Q2-19 Onsite - CAC	4800	\$300.00
Q2-19 Total	8564	\$1731.50

Compost - Yard Waste

The largest source of organic waste and third largest source of waste comes from maintaining the campus grounds. The head of the TRU Grounds crew estimated 500 loads of yard waste brought to the Bunker Road Yard Waste site over a year. Each load is estimated at 227 kilograms, based on an average estimated by the head of the grounds based on a series of loads weighed on a nearby scale.

Monthly data was estimated by dividing the total annual weight for yard waste based on 500 loads by eight months (April - November).

Table 5 - Yard waste

Period	Item	Month/Year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Yard waste	Jan-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Yard waste	Feb-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Yard waste	Mar-19	0	\$-
Q2-19	Yard waste	Apr-19	14188	\$-
Q2-19	Yard waste	May-19	14188	\$-
Q2-19	Yard waste	Jun-19	14188	\$-
			Q1-19 Total	0
			Q2-19 Total	42564

Recycling

TRU diverts a number of waste materials through recycling. Scrap Metal is the largest source of recycled waste on campus, largely as a result of the Trades and Technology Department, but also Facilities Services. Scrap wood is also heavily recycled, with collection bins at the

Warehouse and the Trades and Technology department. Mixed recycling and refundable beverage containers are collected across campus in zero waste stations. Cardboard is mostly generated by staff and recycled in bins outside, and also collected in carts. There are also bins to collect batteries, Styrofoam, and plastic bags in all buildings, as well as electronics recycling bins in two buildings (Old Main and CAC).

Recycling - Scrap Metal Trades & Facilities Services

Scrap metal is the second largest source of waste, and the largest source of recycled waste on campus. The Trades and Technology Department has had a scrap metal recycling program through Richmond Steel for many years and uses several bins to sort different types of metals, for which they are compensated. In 2017, the Sustainability Office sourced a scrap metal bin for Facilities Services from Norewest Concrete, which charges bin rental and hauling fees. The bin is hauled to Mission Flats Landfill and put in the scrap metal pile. The two haulers provided cost and weight data presented in the table below.

Table 6 - Metal

Period	Item	Month/Year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Metal	Jan-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Metal	Feb-19	780	\$175.00
Q1-19	Metal	Mar-19	10491	\$765.00
Q2-19	Metal	Apr-19	17840	\$655.00
Q2-19	Metal	May-19	6640	\$415.00
Q2-19	Metal	Jun-19	1940	\$350.00
			Q1-19 Total	11271
				\$940.00
			Q2-19 Total	26420
				\$1420.00

Recycling - Wood

The wood-recycling program began in the Trades department in early 2016, where the Sustainability Office set up a burnable wood bin for students to fill and use for home and campfires. An estimated 79 kilograms per week was diverted through this system in 2016, and continues to be in place and used by students and staff regularly

Table 7 - Wood

Period	Item	Month/Year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Wood	Jan-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Wood	Feb-19	995	\$300.00
Q1-19	Wood	Mar-19	2780	\$1204.00
Q2-19	Wood	Apr-19	6598	\$2542.50
Q2-19	Wood	May-19	6005	\$2530.00
Q2-19	Wood	Jun-19	15188	\$965.00
			Q1-19 Total	3775
				\$1504.00
			Q2-19 Total	26420
				\$6037.50

Recycling - Mixed Recycling

Mixed (co-mingled) recycling includes paper and packaging materials (plastic, paper, metal). Mixed recycling is collected across campus from zero waste stations and directly placed into recycling carts from offices, cafes, kitchens, and occasionally from events. Janitors are responsible for placing mixed recycling from the zero waste stations into 245-litre recycling carts distributed across campus. Carts are placed at the curb on a weekly basis by staff and contractors. Mixed recycling is also collected in a 6-yard bin outside the Campus Activity Centre (previously only collecting cardboard).

In January 2018, the world recycling markets were highly impacted by what is known as China’s National Sword, a policy by the Chinese government which limited and then later stopped imports of foreign waste. This disruption has caused a great shift towards prioritizing reduced contamination in mixed recycling around the world. TRU’s mixed recycling waste stream, specifically material collected from zero waste stations has shown high contamination rates, upwards of 50%. As a result, in December 2018 TRU employed a contractor to sort zero waste station material prior to collection.

Data presented in the table below was provided by TRU and based on measurements taken by contract staff for sorted recycling carts. Weights were adjusted to account for the number of carts tipped not accounted for by the sorting contractor based on records provided by the hauler. Cost data presented includes both sorting and collection costs. Cost data for Q2 does not include collection costs. **** Add in weights and costs for mixed recycling bin behind CAC**** (emailed them to you)

Table 8 - Mixed recycling

Period	Item	Month/ year	Sorted weight (kg)	Collection and sorting cost (\$)
Q1-19	Mixed recycling	Jan-19	305	\$4228.67
Q1-19	Mixed recycling	Feb-19	466	\$4228.67
Q1-19	Mixed recycling	Mar-19	825	\$4228.67
Q2-19	Mixed recycling	Apr-19	736	\$3612.00
Q2-19	Mixed recycling	May-19	295	\$3612.00
Q2-19	Mixed recycling	Jun-19	Awaiting data	Awaiting data
Q1-19 Total			1597	\$12686.00
Q2-19 Total			1032	\$7224.00

Recycling - Cardboard

Cardboard is collected in four and six yard bins outside five buildings on campus. Cardboard is placed in bins by staff and contractors. Cardboard was measured over a one-week period by

the hauler. Monthly estimates are estimated by multiplying weekly measured data by four weeks.

Cost data for cardboard collection was in utility statement transactions provided by City of Kamloops staff.

The table below shows a summary of cost and estimated weights for cardboard diversion.

Table 9 - Cardboard

Period	Item	Month/ year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Cardboard	Jan-19	2624	\$310.95
Q1-19	Cardboard	Feb-19	2624	\$310.95
Q1-19	Cardboard	Mar-19	2624	\$310.95
Q2-19	Cardboard	Apr-19	2624	
Q2-19	Cardboard	May-19	2624	Awaiting data
Q2-19	Cardboard	Jun-19	2624	
			Q1-19 Total	7872 \$932.86
			Q2-19 Total	7872 Awaiting data

Recycling - Refund Beverage Containers

A special autism program class from Kamloops School of the Arts is responsible for collecting and recycling refundable beverage containers as part of their class curriculum. The students and staff collect beverage containers from zero waste stations, twice per week. In 2017 the group began collecting from Ancillary Services for event waste as well. Data is not collected for this waste stream since it was determined that there is no value to TRU for having it. The only cost to TRU is buying garbage bags for the program, and in 2018 that was roughly \$700 for 21 boxes of bags. It is anticipated that this will remain similar in years to come.

Table 10 - Refundable beverage containers

Period	Item	Month/ year	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Refundables	Jan-19	\$-
			\$-
			\$-
			\$-
			\$-
			\$-
			Q1-19 Total
			Q2-19 Total

Recycling - Plastic Bags & Overwrap

In September 2017, TRU removed the bins for plastic bags from the other bins of the zero waste stations. This was done due to heavy contamination of the plastic bag bins. Once done, the contamination of these bins has improved to almost zero percent, according to TRU staff. TRU janitors collect the plastic bags monthly or as needed and brought to the Warehouse where it is stored until sufficient volume is amassed, at which time a truck from the Lorne Street Bottle Depot collects it for transport to the Lower Mainland for final recycling.. Data for the plastic bags waste stream is based on an average weight per bag of 3 kg, with one bag of bags recycled each month. Costs for plastic bag collection are for the monthly costs of collection by the janitors.

Table 11 - Plastic bags

Period	Item	Month/ year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Plastic bags	Jan-19	3	\$80.00
Q1-19	Plastic bags	Feb-19	3	\$96.00
Q1-19	Plastic bags	Mar-19	3	\$96.00
Q2-19	Plastic bags	Apr-19	3	\$80.00
Q2-19	Plastic bags	May-19	3	\$96.00
Q2-19	Plastic bags	Jun-19	3	Awaiting data
Q1-19 Total			9	\$272.00
Q2-19 Total			9	\$173.00

Recycling - Styrofoam

TRU began recycling Styrofoam in 2016. It's collected in bright yellow totes in key buildings around campus and then the janitorial or Facilities staff brings it to the Warehouse where its final life mirrors that of Styrofoam (mentioned above). Data for Styrofoam recycling is based on an average weight per bag of 1 kg, with an estimated 16 bags recycled per month. There is no cost for collection.

Table 12 - Styrofoam

Period	Item	Month/ year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Styrofoam	Jan-19	16	\$-
Q1-19	Styrofoam	Feb-19	16	\$-
Q1-19	Styrofoam	Mar-19	16	\$-
Q2-19	Styrofoam	Apr-19	16	\$-
Q2-19	Styrofoam	May-19	16	\$-
Q2-19	Styrofoam	Jun-19	16	\$-
Q1-19 Total			48	\$-
Q2-19 Total			48	\$-

Recycling - Batteries

Batteries are collected in 13 bins across all major buildings on campus. Batteries are emptied on a monthly (or so) basis by Facilities Services. Call2Recycle collects the batteries and sends reports with details of the types of batteries and total weights. The following table details the weights for collection of batteries, there is no cost for collection.

Table 13 - Batteries

Period	Item	Month/ year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Batteries	Jan-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Batteries	Feb-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Batteries	Mar-19	0	\$-
Q2-19	Batteries	Apr-19	32	\$-
Q2-19	Batteries	May-19	0	\$-
Q2-19	Batteries	Jun-19	0	\$-
Q1-19 Total			0	\$-
Q2-19 Total			32	\$-

Recycling - Electronics

In 2017, TRU partnered with the Electronics Recycling Association (ERA) to recycle the e-waste from campus. ERA set up two collection bins, one in the Campus Activity Centre and the other in the Old Main building. ERA also picks up TRU's e-waste that is collected by Facilities Services and brought to the Warehouse for storage until sufficient volume requires a ERA truck to collect it. ERA provides certificates with descriptions and weights for material recycled through the program.

Data presented in the table below represents weights provided by the ERA. There is no cost for this waste stream.

Table 14 - Electronics

Period	Item	Month/ year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Electronics	Jan-19	601	\$-
Q1-19	Electronics	Feb-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Electronics	Mar-19	0	\$-
Q2-19	Electronics	Apr-19	0	\$-
Q2-19	Electronics	May-19	405	\$-
Q2-19	Electronics	Jun-19	Awaiting data	\$-
Q1-19 Total			601	\$-
Q2-19 Total			405	\$-

Recycling - Cooking Oil

The Culinary Arts building and the Campus Activity Centre kitchens collect used cooking oil. The oil is collected by McLeod's Byproducts in Armstrong and is used to make animal feed. The hauler provided weights for each collection. There are no costs for this waste stream.

Table 15 - Cooking oil

Period	Item	Month/ year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Cooking oil	Jan-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Cooking oil	Feb-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Cooking oil	Mar-19	704	\$-
Q2-19	Cooking oil	Apr-19	0	\$-
Q2-19	Cooking oil	May-19	0	\$-
Q2-19	Cooking oil	Jun-19	539	\$-
Q1-19 Total			704	\$-
Q2-19 Total			539	\$-

Converted to Energy

Several waste streams are converted to energy or incinerated, which includes wood waste and hazardous waste.

Waste Wood

In September 2016, the Sustainability Office placed a wood-recycling bin outside Facilities Services building, increasing the weekly recycling rate for diversion in 2017. In 2018, TRU further expanded the wood-collection program, sourcing woodbins for the Theatre and Fines Arts programs to fill at three or four times throughout the year (after each production performance). Most recently, another wood waste bin was brought to the Trades department so all no-burnable wood waste can be recycled. The hauler, Norewest Concrete, takes the wood to Mission Flats Landfill where it is chipped and sent to an electricity co-generation plant in Williams Lake, B.C. The hauler provides cost and weight data for wood waste, as presented in the table below.

Hazardous Waste

The TRU Safety Office manages the hazardous waste generated through various departments (trades, campus medical centre, and labs). Data provided in this report was provided on hazardous waste manifests. The liquids from the manifests recorded in volumes were converted to weights on a one to one ratio of litres to kilograms. Two of the records submitted did not include dates, (follow up with consignor).

Table 16 - Hazardous waste

Period	Item	Month/ year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	Hazardous waste	Jan-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Hazardous waste	Feb-19	0	\$-
Q1-19	Hazardous waste	Mar-19	0	\$-
Q2-19	Hazardous waste	Apr-19	0	\$-
Q2-19	Hazardous waste	May-19	0	\$-
Q2-19	Hazardous waste	Jun-19	0	\$-
Q1-19 Total			187	\$-
Q2-19 Total			480	\$-

Landfill

Landfill waste consists of material not diverted from the waste stream. The City of Kamloops and Waste Connections collects landfill waste from bins across campus on a daily basis. Data for the weights of city collection was measured over a one-week period. Costs were provided with utility statement reports.

Waste Connections collects landfill waste in one bin located at the CAC. Food waste diversion was introduced after the 2018 waste audit. Weight data was estimated based on 2018 measurements less the weight of compost diverted from the CAC over the period. Cost data includes garbage, recycling and consultant fees for the serves with Waste Connections.

Table 17 - Landfill

Period	Hauler	Item	Month/ year	Weight (kg)	Cost (\$)
Q1-19	City	Landfill	Jan-Mar 19	80418	\$12,285.21
Q1-19	WasteLogic	Landfill	Feb-19	3224	\$1,229.91
Q1-19	WasteLogic	Landfill	Mar-19	3224	\$7,529.91
Q2-19	WasteLogic	Landfill	Apr-19	Awaiting	\$1,229.91
Q2-19	WasteLogic	Landfill	May-19	Awaiting	\$1,229.91
Q2-19	WasteLogic	Landfill	Jun-19	Awaiting	Awaiting
Q1-19 Total				80418	\$21045.03
Q2-19 Total				Awaiting	\$2459.82